6. (a) Evaluate:

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 $\int_0^\infty e^{-2t} t \sin 3t \, dt \, .$

(b) Solve the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dt} + y = e^t$$
, $y(0) = 2$ and

$$y'(0) = -1.$$

Unit IV

7. (a) Find the Fourier Transform of: 8

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x^2, & |x| < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$

and hence evaluate

$$\int_0^\infty \left(\frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \right) \cos \frac{x}{2} dx$$

18C4

B.Tech. EXAMINATION, 2024

(Third Semester)

(C Scheme) (Main & Re-appear)

(CSE)

MATHEMATICS-III

MATH207C

Partial Differential Equations and Transforms

Time: 3 Hours [Maximum Marks: 75]

Before answering the question-paper candidates should ensure that they have been supplied to correct and complete question-paper. No complaint, in this regard, will be entertained after the examination.

Note: Attempt *Five* questions selecting at least *one* question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit I

- 1. (a) Form a partial differential equation by eliminating the functions f and g from y = f(x at) + g(x + at).
 - (b) Solve: **8**

$$px + qy = pq$$
.

- 2. (a) Solve: $x(z^2 y^2)p + y(x^2 z^2)q = z(y^2 x^2).$
 - (b) Solve:

$$4\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 12\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + 9\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = e^{3x - 2y}$$

Unit II.

3. (a) Classify the partial differential equation:

$$(1 - x2)uxx - 2xy uxy + (1 - y2)uyy + x ux + 3x2y uy - 2u = 0.$$

(b) Using, the method of separation of variables, solve: 9

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u$$

where $u(x, 0) = 6e^{-3x}$.

4. Solve the Laplace equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$, in a rectangle in the *xy*-plane with u(x, 0) = 0, u(x, b) = 0, u(0, y) and u(a, y) = f(y) parallel to y axis.

Unit III

- 5. (a) State and Prove the orthogonal Property of Chebyshev Polynomials.8
 - (b) Apply the convolution theorem to find

$$L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s^2}{(s^2 + a^2)(s^2 + b^2)} \right\}.$$
 7

(b) If F(s) is the complex Fourier Transform of f(x), then show that : 7

$$F[f(x) \cos ax] = \frac{1}{2} [F(s+a) + F(s-a)].$$

- **8.** (a) Find the Z-transform of $c^k \cos \alpha k$, $k \ge 0$.
 - (b) Find the inverse Z-transform of

$$\frac{1}{(z-5)^3}, |z| > 5$$
.

(b) If F(s) is the complex Fourier Transform of f(x), then show that : 7

$$F[f(x) \cos ax] = \frac{1}{2} [F(s+a) + F(s-a)].$$

- 8. (a) Find the Z-transform of $c^k \cos \alpha k$, $k \ge 0$.
 - (b) Find the inverse Z-transform of $\frac{1}{(z-5)^3}, |z| > 5.$